

## CDF-MN 2017 Legislative Agenda Tracker

Priority	Bill #	Short Description	Mid-Session Status	End of Session Status
<p><b>Affordable, accessible child care:</b></p> <p>adopting new federal requirements and aligning with national best practices to make CCAP work better for families;</p> <p>increasing CCAP provider reimbursement rates; and</p> <p>funding the Basic Sliding Fee Child Care Assistance Program;</p>	<a href="#">Governor Dayton's Budget Proposal</a> (P. 132)	Adopts new, family-friendly federal requirements and aligns with national best practices to make CCAP work better for families. Includes increase to CCAP provider reimbursement rate from 25 <sup>th</sup> percentile of 2011 child care provider rate survey to 25 <sup>th</sup> percentile of 2016 survey.	Not included in either Senate or House HHS budget bills.	
	<a href="#">SF1278</a> (Lourey) <a href="#">HF1458</a> (Franson)	Includes same family-friendly provisions and rate increase as Governor Dayton's proposal above.	Not included in either Senate or House HHS budget bills.	
	<a href="#">SF823</a> (Hoffman) <a href="#">HF723</a> (Peterson)	Increases funding for Basic Sliding Fee Child Care Assistance. Includes increase to CCAP provider reimbursement rate from 25 <sup>th</sup> percentile of 2011 child care provider rate survey to 25 <sup>th</sup> percentile of most recent biennial child care provider rate survey. House File amended to include <a href="#">HF1583</a> , making working families a funding priority for Basic Sliding Fee.	Senate: Not included in Senate HHS budget bill, <a href="#">SF800</a> .  House: Making working families a funding priority for Basic Sliding Fee included in House HHS budget bill.  FY2018-19: \$11.7 m. FY2020-21: \$14.8 m.  (House HHS budget bill, <a href="#">HF945</a> , see section 4)	
	<a href="#">SF560</a> (Hayden) <a href="#">HF724</a> (Moran)	Forecasts Basic Sliding Fee Child Care Assistance; increases CCAP provider reimbursement rate to 75 <sup>th</sup> percentile of most recent survey.	Not included in either Senate or House HHS budget bills.	

<p><b>Targeted Tax Credits:</b> Child and Dependent Care Tax Credit increase and expansion</p>	<p><a href="#">Governor Dayton's Tax Proposal</a> (P. 8)</p>	<p>Includes an increase to the maximum credit to \$1,050 for families with one child and \$2,100 for families with two or more children and raises the threshold at which families could qualify to receive a credit to \$89,000 (one child) and \$101,000 (two or more children).</p>	<p>Identical language not included in either Senate or House tax bill. Similar version in House tax bill.</p>	
	<p><a href="#">HF1499</a> (Loon) <a href="#">SF1803</a> (Anderson, P.)</p>	<p>Includes an increase to the maximum credit to \$1,050 for families with one child and \$2,100 for families with two or more children and raises the threshold at which families could qualify to receive a credit to \$82,000 (one child) and \$94,000 (two or more children).</p>	<p>Senate: Not included in Senate tax bill, <a href="#">SF2255</a>.</p> <p>House: <b>Families with one dependent:</b> new max credit is \$1,050 (up from \$720) and max adjusted family gross income to qualify is \$62,000 (up from \$39,400).</p> <p><b>Families with two or more dependents:</b> new max credit is \$2,100 (up from \$1,440) and max adjusted family gross income is \$74,000 (up from \$39,400).</p> <p>FY2018-19: \$16.9 m. FY2020-21: \$18.9 m.</p> <p>(House tax bill, <a href="#">HF4</a>, see section 20)</p>	

<p><b>Targeted Tax Credits:</b> Working Family Credit Increase and Expansion</p>	<p><a href="#">Governor Dayton's Tax Proposal</a> (P. 6)</p>	<p>Includes an increase to the size of the credit that families can receive and raises the threshold at which families could qualify, and lowers the eligibility age for workers without dependent children from 25 to 21 years. More than 367,000 workers would receive an additional \$94 million in tax credits over the two-year budget cycle.</p>	<p>Identical language not included in either Senate or House tax bills.</p>	
	<p><a href="#">SF28</a> (Rest) <a href="#">HF516</a> (Loeffler)</p>	<p>Includes an increase to the size of the credit that families can receive and raises the threshold at which families could qualify, and lowers the eligibility age for workers without dependent children from 25 to 21 years. More than 367,000 workers would receive an additional \$94 million in tax credits over the two-year budget cycle.</p>	<p>Senate: Modifies the Working Family Credit to exclude on-reservation earnings of enrolled members of a tribe earned while living on the reservation, thereby allowing these individuals to claim the Working Family Credit on these earnings.</p> <p>FY2018-19: \$3.2 m. FY2020-21: \$3.4 m.</p> <p>(Senate Tax bill, <a href="#">SF2255</a>, see section 17)</p> <p>House: Not included in House tax bill, <a href="#">HF4</a>.</p>	
<p><b>Minnesota Family Investment Program Cash Grant Increase</b></p>	<p><a href="#">SF806</a> (Hayden) <a href="#">HF1603</a> (Pierson)</p>	<p>Increases the Minnesota Family Investment Program cash grant by \$100/month.</p> <p>House File amended in HHS Finance committee to reduce increase to \$10/month, funded by TANF Innovation grants.</p>	<p>Senate: \$13/month increase included in Senate HHS budget bill, funded by TANF Innovation grants and Minnesota Department of Health Family Planning grants. (Senate HHS bill, <a href="#">SF800</a>, see section 37)</p> <p>House: Not included in House HHS budget bill, <a href="#">HF945</a>.</p>	

<b>Paid Family and Medical Leave Insurance Program</b>	<a href="#">SF830</a> (Kent) <a href="#">HF1013</a> (Metsa)	Creates state-administered Paid Family & Medical Leave Insurance Program providing partial wage replacement on progressive scale for 12 weeks of medical leave (caring for oneself during serious illness) per year and 12 weeks of family leave (caring for new baby or seriously-ill family member).	Neither Senate nor House heard bill in committee.	
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